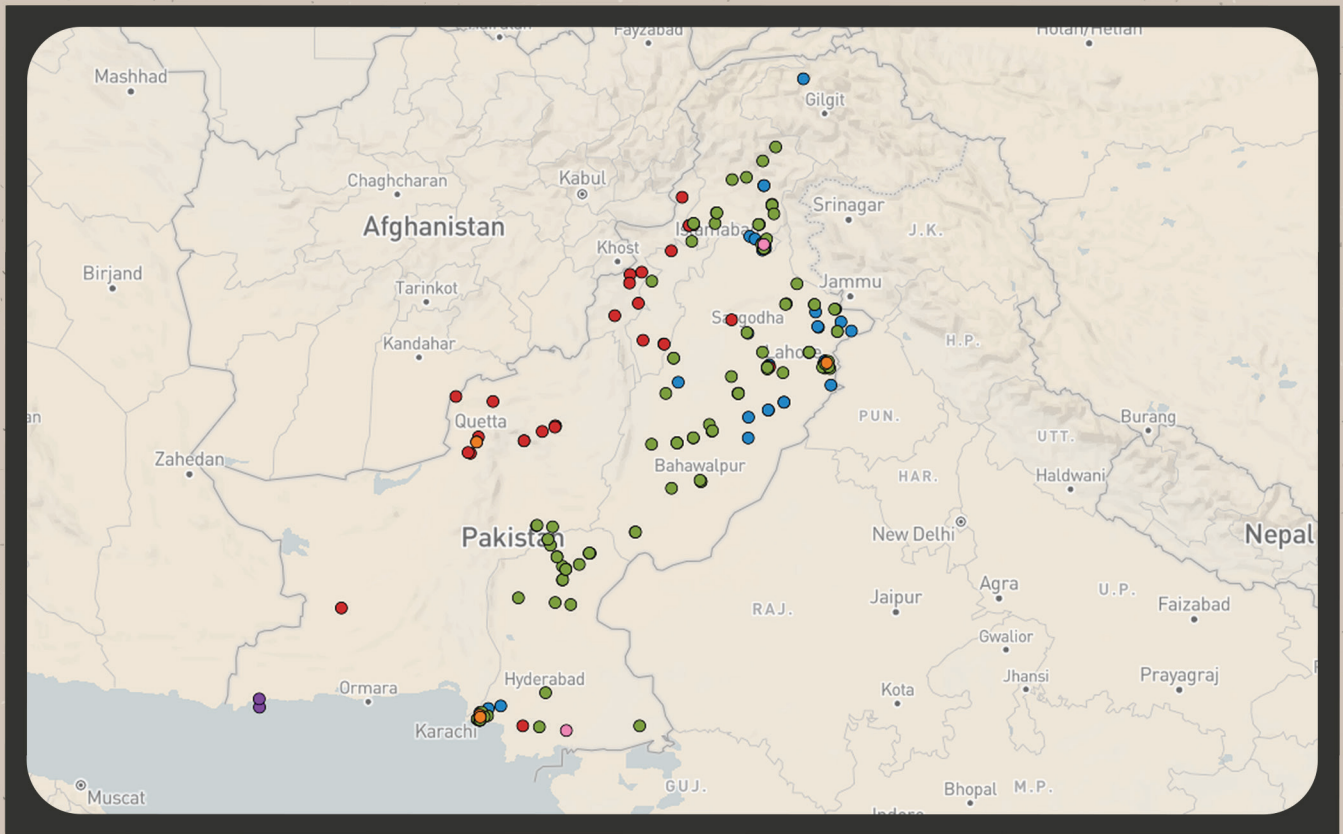


# HATE TRACKER

A SPATIAL REPRESENTATION OF VIOLENT EXTREMISM ACROSS PAKISTAN



## CATEGORIES OF VIOLENCE

### TERRORISM

INCIDENTS **74**  
CASUALTIES **482**

### SECTARIAN

INCIDENTS **10**  
CASUALTIES **94**

### GENDER BASED

INCIDENTS **135**  
CASUALTIES **175**

### CHILD ABUSE

INCIDENTS **97**  
CASUALTIES **39**

### INTERFAITH

INCIDENTS **7**  
CASUALTIES **1**

### ETHNIC

INCIDENTS **2**  
CASUALTIES **16**

**JAN 19 - SEPT 19**

**325**

INCIDENTS

**807**

CASUALTIES

Jinnah Institute has collated data on radicalization and violent extremism since 2010. The data trends identified through this exercise have been published in JI's Extremism Watch reports and Hate Tracker, which confirm and supplement statistical trends for violent extremism recorded by other research publications. The data presented in this feature has been collated from mainstream news reportage for terrorist attacks, ethnic strife, persecution of religious minorities, interfaith conflict, sexual and gender based violence.

The trends visible from this data represent an everyday reality of violence and strife experienced by Pakistan's most vulnerable population segments. The breakdown of the rule of law, and systemic violence against religious communities is anything but a new story. Neither is the apathy recent among duty bearers towards safeguarding endangered lives. Violence and abuse are routinely dismissed as petty crime across police stations in Pakistan, and oftentimes cases are not registered unless accompanied by public outrage and pressure by higher officials.

The structural normalization of violence within institutions, and its acceptance among the public as routine occurrences create a formidable perceptible barrier preventing any response to gruesome violence, abuse or homicide. Law enforcement officials, like members of the public, see violence as an expected daily phenomenon; a natural outcome of rage or moral offence whose terms are negotiable within the law. Violence is applied with impunity to police investigations, and routinized in the form of sexual harassment of victims seeking protection.

The bar frequently slips low from the law's reasoned prohibition on violence, to state agents wielding it as an instrument of torture and compliance. Hence, the impunity with which citizens utilize violence for everyday gain through acid throwing, blasphemy accusation and the rape of minors. Unfortunately, the struggle to obtain justice is as much a part of the victims' ordeal, as it is to sensitize us to rampant levels of predation and exploitation.

The effort to publish these numbers is not to reduce human stories to statistics. Rather, each case of gender based violence, sectarian targeted killing and attack on a place of worship, reinforces citizen inquiry about deficits in rule of law, justice, security, as well as systemic exclusions that sustain violence and extremism.

Category	Subcategory	Number of incidents	Casualties
<b>Gender based violence</b>		<b>135</b>	<b>175</b>
	Honour killing	86	139
	Acid attacks	3	1
	Sexual violence and homicide	46	35
<b>Child abuse</b>		<b>97</b>	<b>39</b>
	Violence and sexual abuse	90	37
	Forced marriage	7	2
<b>Terrorism</b>		<b>76</b>	<b>498</b>
	Bomb blasts	32	360
	Targetted attacks	16	44
	Other attacks on law enforcement personnel	28	94
<b>Interfaith Violence</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>94</b>
	attacks on Hazaras	3	82
	attacks on Shi'ite	5	12
	attacks on Ahmadis	1	0
	attacks on Hindus, Christians and Sikhs	7	1
	attacks on centers of worship	1	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>354</b>	<b>807</b>